CLAIMS

- 1. A method for writing nanostructures with controlled size, periodicity and number on a thin film of bistable molecules by means of a localized external stimulus.
- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the information is written and read on a thin film of bistable molecules in the form of strings of nanostructures.
 - 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the periodicity and size of the nanostructures is controlled by the thickness of the film.
- 4. The method according to claims 1-3, wherein the number of nanostructures is controlled by the length of the string on which the perturbation acts.
 - 5. The method according to claims 1-4 for fabricating arrays of nanostructures.
- 6. The method according to claims 1-4, wherein said method is used to write information with an areal density of 10-100 Gbpsi.
 - 7. The method according to claim 1, wherein the external stimulus is of the mechanical, thermal, thermomechanical, electrical, or radiative type.
- 8. The method according to claims 1 and 2, wherein the external stimulus is performed with a tip of a scanning probe microscope, be it a scanning tunneling microscope, an atomic force microscope or a near-field optical microscope or another technique derived therefrom.
 - 9. The method according to claims 1 and 2, wherein the external stimulus is performed with the multiple tips of a millipede.
- 25 10. The method according to claims 1 and 2, wherein the external stimulus is performed with an scanning electronic microscope or with a confocal optical microscope or other derived technologies.
 - 11. The method according to claims 1 and 2, wherein the external stimulus is provided with a stamp of hard or soft material with pressure and/or temperature control.

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- 12. The method according to claim 1, wherein information writing is based on molecular multistability amplified to a supramicrometer scale by means of a morphological reorganization.
- 13. The method according to claim 1, wherein the bistable molecules are taken from the group of rotaxanes and thin films thereof.
 - 14. The method according to claim 1, wherein the bistable molecules are taken from the group of catenanes and thin films thereof.
- 15. The process according to claims 1, 14, 15, wherein the thin films are deposited or grown by generic techniques from a solution, or from a vapor phase or from precursors or by sublimation.